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standard of strength, quality or purity as determined by the test or tests laid down in the United States Pharmacopæia or national formulary; provided, that no drug defined in the United States Pharmacopæia or national formulary, except preparations of opium, shall be deemed to be adulterated under this provision if the standard of strength, quality or purity be plainly stated upon the bottle, box or other container thereof, although the standard may differ from that determined by the test or tests laid down in the United States Pharmacopæia or national formulary.

Second. If its strength or purity fall below the professed standard or

quality under which it is sold.

Third. If used in the compounding of a medicine or medicines intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease in man or animal, it shall not be of the standard of strength, quality or purity as determined by the test or tests laid down in the United States Pharmacopæia or national formulary; provided, that manufacturing chemists in compounding medicines may use, when necessary, drugs other than of standard strength if the finished product obtained fully meets the requirements of the United States Pharmacopæia or national formulary: In the case of confectionery, if it contains terra alba, barytes, talc, chrome yellow or other mineral substance, except salt, or poisonous color or flavor, or other ingredient deleterious or detrimental to health, or any vinous, malt or spirituous liquors or compound, or narcotic drug. In the case of food:

First. If any substance has been mixed or packed with it so as to reduce

or lower or injuriously affect its quality, strength or purity.

Second. If any substance has been substituted wholly or in part for the article.

Third. If any valuable constituent of the article has been wholly or in part abstracted, or if the product be below that standard of quality, strength or purity represented to the purchaser or consumer.

Fourth. If it be mixed, colored or changed in color, powder coated, stained or bleached, in a manner whereby damage or inferiority is con-

cealed.

Fifth. If it contain any added poisonous or other added deleterious ingredients which may render such article injurious to health; provided, that when in the preparation of food products for shipment they are preserved by an external application applied in such manner that the preservative is necessarily removed mechanically or by maceration in water or otherwise, and directions for the removal of said preservative shall be printed on the covering of the package; the provisions of sections 189 to 200 shall be construed as applying only when said products are ready for consumption.

Sixth. If it consists in whole or in part of a filthy, contaminated, decomposed or putrid animal or vegetable substance or any portion of a substance unfit for food, whether manufactured or not, or any animal or vegetable substance produced, stored, transferred or kept in a condition which would render the article diseased, contaminated or unwholesome, or if it is the product of a diseased animal or one that has died otherwise than by slaughter, or that has been fed upon the offal from a slaughter house, or if it is the milk from an animal fed upon substances unfit for food for dairy animals, or from an animal kept and milked in a filthy or contaminated stable, or in surroundings that would render the milk contaminated.

In the case of water:

First. If manufactured for sale, produced for sale, exposed for sale or advertised for sale, as a spring, well or mineral water, or if served in a